Report on the Draft Community Climate Action Plan

Committee of the Whole April 20, 2021





DRAFT COMMUNITY CLIMATE ACTION PLAN

PURPOSE:

To present the draft Community Climate Action Plan (CCAP) to the Committee of the Whole and obtain feedback on the plan's goals, targets, and implementation actions.



COUNCIL STRATEGIC PLAN

Supports Council's strategic priorities and areas of focus regarding:

Livability

- Healthy Community: We foster an environment that supports and promotes healthy living through recreation, community, and social connection.
- Housing: We focus on improving diversity and access throughout the housing continuum.

Vibrant Economy

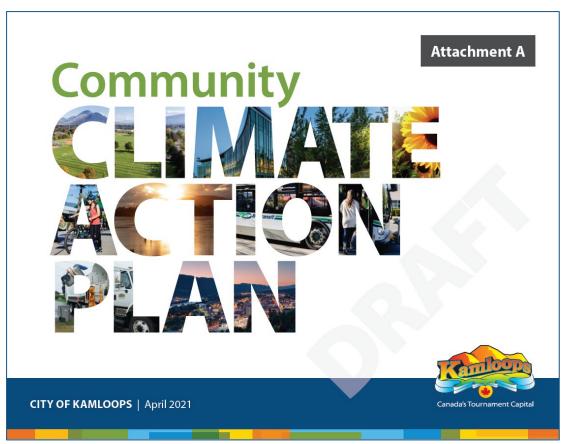
- Business Health: We cultivate a positive business environment and maintain a framework that facilitates jobs, economic sustainability, and growth.
- Economic Strength: We support initiatives that increase our competitive advantage, cultivate growth, and support our residents.
- Partnerships: We continue to nurture partnerships with key agencies and organizations.

Environmental Leadership

- Climate Action: We enhance the City's resiliency and capacity for mitigating and adapting to the impacts of climate change.
- Sustainability: We implement strategies that reduce our impact on the environment.
- Transportation: We facilitate sustainable transportation options and create community connectivity.



PLAN OVERVIEW



- Climate Change: A Call to Action
- Objectives & Targets
- Current & Projected Emissions
- Kamloops' 8 Big Moves
- Equity & Climate Justice
- Implementing Climate Action
- Advocacy
- Measuring & Reporting Progress
- Appendix



CLIMATE CHANGE: A CALL TO ACTION

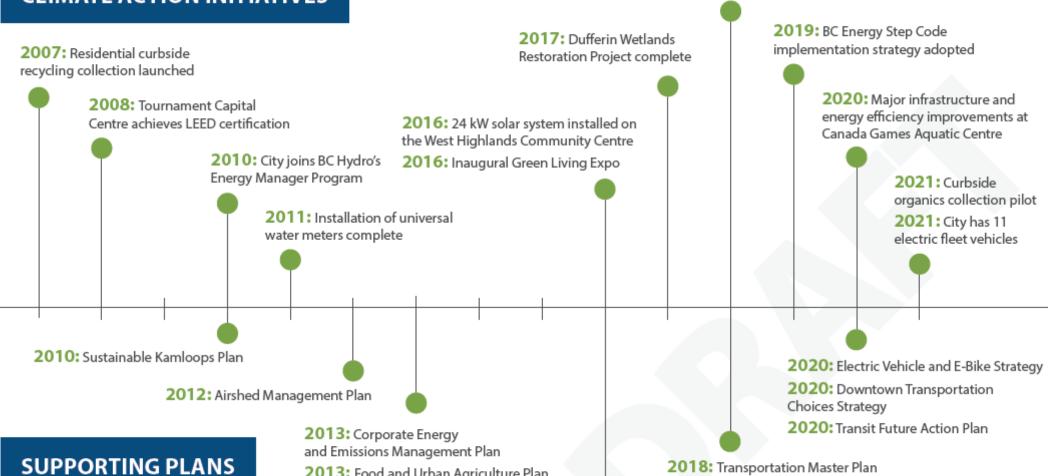
Limiting Global Warming to 1.5°C

- Impacts of climate change already being felt, and will intensify as global temperatures rise.
- IPCC's 2018 report on the impacts of global warming underscores the need to keep warming to 1.5°C to avoid most catastrophic impacts.
- The worst impacts are not inevitable.
- Society must work together to drastically reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions and achieve net-zero emissions by 2050.



Foundations for Climate Action

CLIMATE ACTION INITIATIVES



2013: Food and Urban Agriculture Plan 2013: Agricultural Area Plan

2018: Transportation Master Plan 2018: Official Community Plan

2018: City acquires first electric fleet vehicles 2018: Xget'tem'Trail multi-use path complete

2016: Urban Forest Management Strategy



Plan Development Timeline

The CCAP was developed through a community engagement process involving the public, key stakeholders, the CCAP Advisory Group, and City Council.

PHASE 1

PHASE 2

PHASE 3

PHASE 4

UNDERSTANDING THE PRESENT

(October 2018 – February 2019)

EXPLORING THE FUTURE

(March 2019-March 2020)

CHOOSING OUR FUTURE

(April-November 2020)

PLANNING OUR FUTURE

(December 2020-June 2021)



undertake all short-term actions reduce community GHG emissions by at least 30% compared to 2007 reduce community GHG emissions by at least 80% compared to 2007



Key Emissions Sources in Kamloops



Transportation:

gas and diesel fuelled vehicles*



Buildings:

natural gas space and water heating*

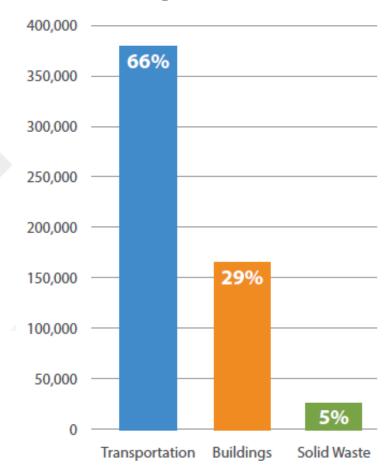


Solid Waste:

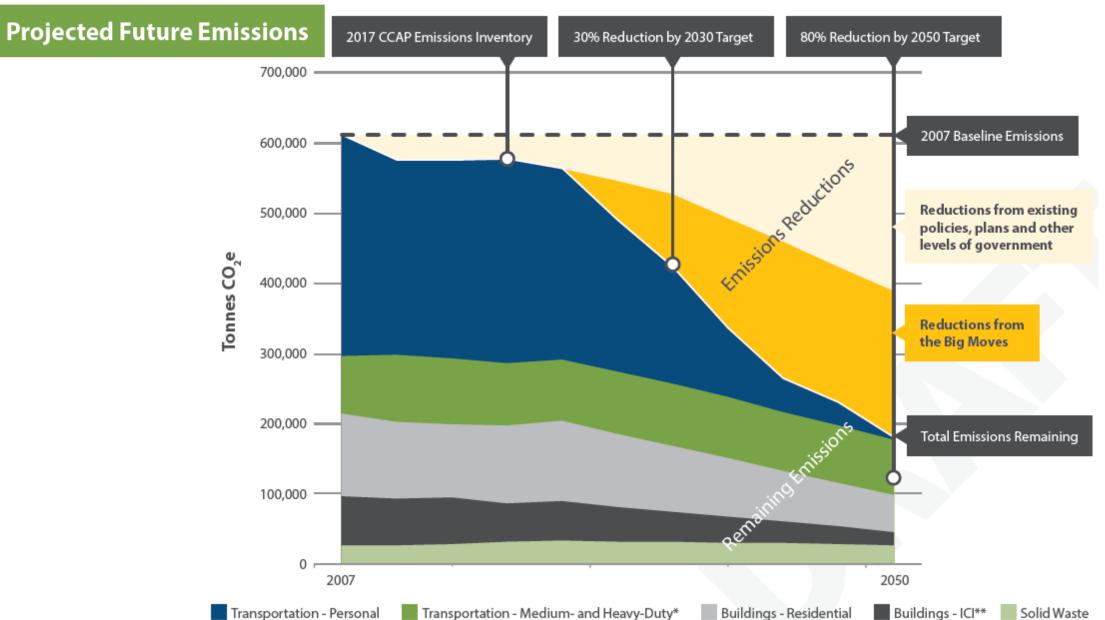
organic waste in landfill*

*primary sources

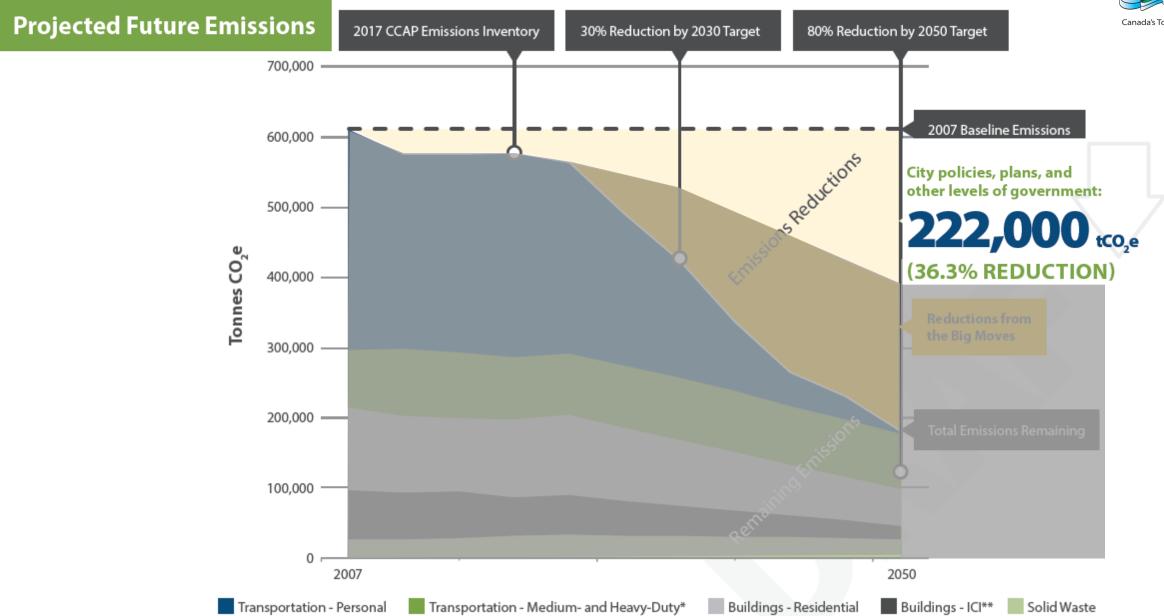
2017 Greenhouse Gas Emissions (tCO₂e) per Sector



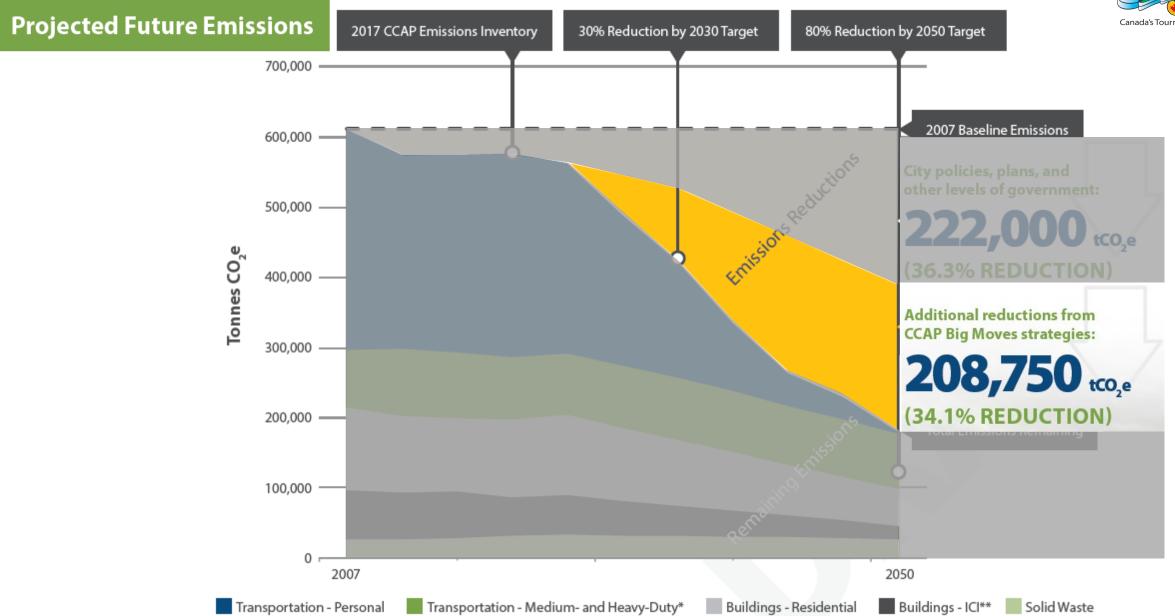




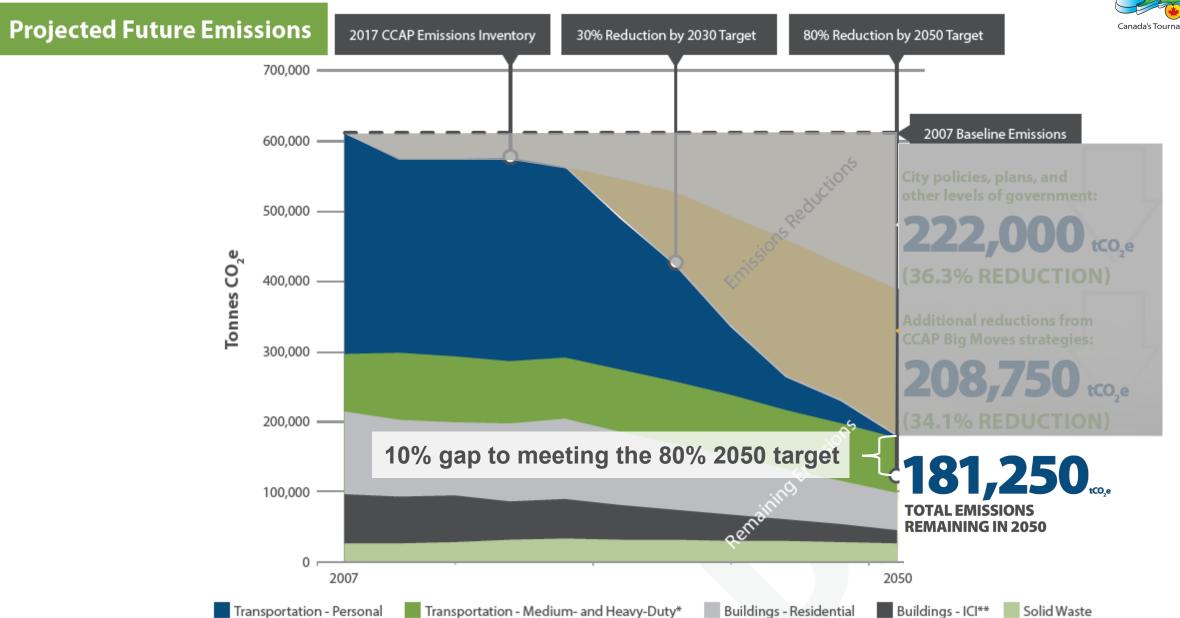












KAMLOOPS' 8 BIG MOVES

The Big Moves outline ambitious strategies that will have the biggest impact towards achieving our community's 80% emissions reduction by 2050 target.



Big Moves Co-Benefits



BIG MOVE 1:

Low-Carbon Development

Promoting compact, mixed-use development supported by sustainable transportation options.



BIG MOVE 5:

Zero-Waste/Circular Economy

Enhancing waste reduction, diversion, upcycling, and reuse.



BIG MOVE 2:

Car-Light Community

Facilitating the increased uptake of walking, cycling, carpooling, and transit.



BIG MOVE 6:

Renewable Energy

Supporting localized renewable energy production and use.



BIG MOVE 3:

Zero-Emissions Transportation

Supporting zero-emission vehicle use.



BIG MOVE 7:

Municipal Climate Leadership

Shifting to zero-carbon facilities and fleets with enhanced climate governance and communications.



BIG MOVE 4:

Zero-Carbon Homes & Buildings

Ensuring all buildings maximize energy efficiency and use low-carbon energy sources.



BIG MOVE 8:

Healthy Urban Ecosystem

Preserving ecosystems and using green infrastructure to provide carbon sequestration and climate resilience.

















By 2050, 90% of residents can access their daily needs and efficient transit within a 10-minute walk or roll.

CO-BENEFITS



Enhanced Livability



Improved Air Quality



Ecosystem Preservation



BIG MOVE 1:

LOW-CARBON DEVELOPMENT



STRATEGY	GOAL	PRIORITY	↓GHG BY 2050
1A - Ten-Minute City	To support the integration of daily needs amenities in existing neighbourhood centres and, wherever possible, to concentrate housing near existing and proposed transit, cycling, and walking networks.	Very High	17,400 tCO ₂ e (High)
1B - Diverse Housing Solutions	To support additional housing opportunities on residential lots.	Medium	2,500 tCO₂e (Moderate)
1C - Green New Neighbourhoods	To require that all new buildings and neighbourhoods in suburban and rural greenfields meet higher sustainable development standards.	High	5,450 tCO ₂ e (High)

By 2050, 50% of trips in Kamloops are to be by active transportation and transit.

CO-BENEFITS



Improved Public Health



Enhanced Livability



Improved Air Quality



BIG MOVE 2:

CAR-LIGHT COMMUNITY



STRATEGY	GOAL	PRIORITY	↓GHG BY 2050
2A - Active Mobility	To enable the safe, secure, and efficient transport of people and goods using active transportation modes.	High	5,000 tCO₂e (Moderate)
2B - Optimize Transit and School Bus Service		Medium	2,000 tCO ₂ e (Moderate)
2C - Shared Streets	To create street space that is accessible to all ages and abilities, enhances pedestrian safety and comfort, and prioritizes active transportation.		1,000 tCO ₂ e (Moderate)
2D - Transportation Demand Management	I the lintake of clictainable tranchortation obtions and reducing	Medium	2,500 tCO ₂ e (Moderate)
2E - Kamloops Car Share	To reduce the number of privately-owned vehicles in the city through membership-based car sharing services.	Medium	1,000 tCO ₂ e (Moderate)

By 2050, 85% of kilometres driven by Kamloops-registered passenger vehicles will be by zero-emissions vehicles.

CO-BENEFITS



Improved Air Quality



Improved Public Health



Green Economy and Innovation



BIG MOVE 3:

ZERO-EMISSIONS TRANSPORTATION



STRATEGY	GOAL	PRIORITY	√GHG BY 2050
3A - Zero-Emissions Light-Duty Vehicles		Medium	5,000 tCO ₂ e (Moderate)
3B - Zero-Emissions Medium- and Heavy-Duty Vehicles	To support institutional, commercial and industrial fleets' transition to zero-emissions vehicles and equipment.	Medium	20,000 tCO ₂ e (Very High)
3C - Low-Carbon Urban Freight Delivery	To encourage the shift to zero-emissions delivery vehicles within the urban core and neighbourhood town centres as the demand for home deliveries increases.	Low	3,500 tCO₂e (Moderate)

All new homes and buildings in the community will be net-zero energy ready by 2030 and zero carbon by 2040. Retrofitting 2% of existing dwelling units per year to achieve, on average, 50% GHG emissions reductions per unit.

CO-BENEFITS







Enhanced Resilience



Improved Public Health



BIG MOVE 4:

ZERO-CARBON HOMES & BUILDINGS



STRATEGY	GOAL	PRIORITY	↓GHG BY 2050
4A - New Buildings - Community-Wide	4A - New Buildings - To support the transition to high-performance, energy-	Very High	13,500 tCO ₂ e (High)
	and buildings that result in energy efficiency improvements	High	81,800 tCO ₂ e (Very High)

To reduce waste sent to the landfill by 50% by 2028 and by 90% by 2050.

CO-BENEFITS



Ecosystem Preservation



Green Economy and Innovation



Improved Public Health



BIG MOVE 5:

ZERO-WASTE/ CIRCULAR ECONOMY



STRATEGY	GOAL	PRIORITY	↓GHG BY 2050
5A - Local Organics Collection and Processing	To reduce and capture all kitchen and yard waste for beneficial end use.	High	6,100 tCO ₂ e (Moderate)
5B - Waste Reduction and Diversion	To reduce waste and prioritize the diversion of methane-generating materials (i.e. cardboard and paper, yard, wood waste) from entering the landfill.	Very High	20,500 tCO ₂ e (Very High)
5C - Circular Economy Research and Innovation	To reduce the use of non-renewable resources, promote materials reuse, and support regenerative business models.	Medium	Enabling

To increase the generation and use of local, low-carbon, renewable energy sources.

CO-BENEFITS



Green Economy and Innovation



Ecosystem Preservation



Enhanced Resilience



BIG MOVE 6:

RENEWABLE ENGERY



STRATEGY	GOAL	PRIORITY	↓GHG BY 2050
6A - Residential and Neighbourhood Scale Energy	To support the development of low-carbon, renewable energy systems at building and neighbourhood scales.	High	10,000 tCO ₂ e (High)
6B - Renewable Energy Innovation	To position Kamloops as a clean energy research, technology, and manufacturing hub to support BC's low-carbon transition.	Medium	3,500 tCO₂e (Moderate)

The City of Kamloops will reduce carbon emissions from municipal operations by 40% by 2030 and 100% by 2050.

CO-BENEFITS







Green Economy and Innovation



Enhanced Livability



BIG MOVE 7:

MUNICIPAL CLIMATE LEADERSHIP



STRATEGY	GOAL	PRIORITY	↓GHG BY 2050
7A - Zero-Carbon Civic Operations	To decarbonize municipal operations by improving the efficiency of civic facilities, fleet, and infrastructure and transitioning to low-carbon energy sources.	Very High	8,000 tCO ₂ e (Moderate)
7B - Climate Governance	To incorporate climate action decision-making tools and policies to ensure all City department work plans and capital and operating budgets are aligned with the corporate emissions reductions targets.	High	Enabling
7C - Communicating Climate Action	To engage residents on the actions they can take to address climate change and reduce emissions at home, at school and in the workplace.	High	Enabling

To enhance and restore urban ecosystem health to improve carbon storage capacity and resilience to climate change.

CO-BENEFITS







Increased Preservation Carbon Sequestration



Enhanced Resilience



BIG MOVE 8:

HEALTHY URBAN ECOSYSTEM



STRATEGY	GOAL	PRIORITY	↓GHG BY 2050
To enhance our urban ecosystem's carbon storage capacity while supporting biodiversity and resilience to climate change. 8B - Protect and Heal Nature To protect, enhance, and restore ecosystem health. To utilize green infrastructure techniques to enhance green space; stormwater management; and air, soil, and	High	Supporting	
	To protect, enhance, and restore ecosystem health.	Medium	Supporting
8C - Green Infrastructure		Low	Supporting

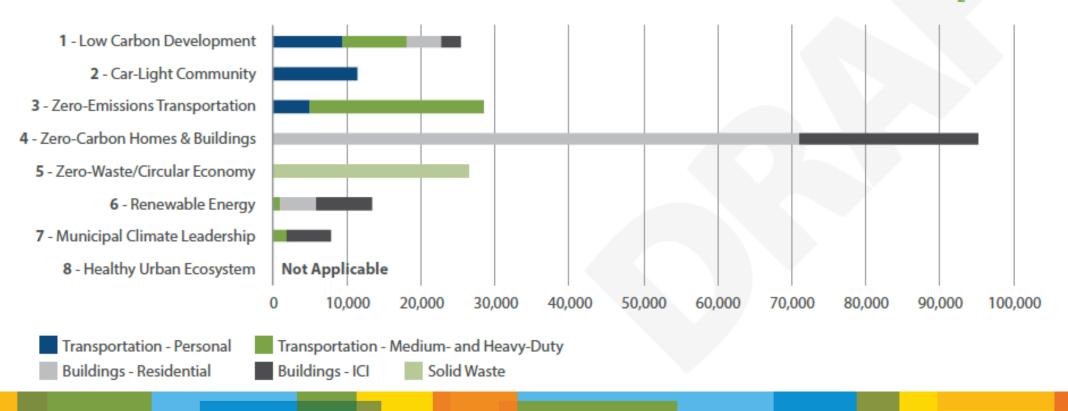
Big Moves Emissions Reductions Summary



COMBINED, THE BIG MOVES
COULD DECREASE EMISSIONS BY

208,750_{tco,e}

PROJECTED ANNUAL EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS BY 2050, PER BIG MOVE (tCO₂e)



IMPLEMENTING CLIMATE ACTION

Contributions from all levels of government, local private, public and social sectors, citizens and community groups will be necessary to achieve the CCAP's goals.

An implementation chart is provided with assigned priority levels for each strategy based on:

- greenhouse gas reductions
- ease of implementation
- municipal authority
- city and stakeholder costs

BIG MOVES IMPLEMENTATION CHART

BIG MOVE 1:

LOW-CARBON DEVELOPMENT



BIG MOVE	Annual Emissions	Implementation			Support	Actions Initiation Time Line		
STRATEGY	- IMPLEMENTATION ACTIONS L		Lead	Dept. or Agency	Short (2021-24)	Medium (2025–29)	Long (2030+)	
			Identify priority areas to support infill projects that further increase housing density, mixed uses, and active transportation infrastructure in existing neighbourhood centres.	DES		✓		
1A - Ten-Minute			Increase residential density along the proposed frequent transit network in core areas (e.g. by reviewing zoning in areas with existing access to daily needs and transit and increasing transit service levels in line with infill development).	DES	BCT	✓		
City	17,400	Very High	Identify additional residential areas for medium-to-high-density development, including assessing where small-scale commercial amenities may be appropriate to service the needs of surrounding neighbourhood residents.	DES		✓		
			Increase availability of affordable market housing options that also contribute to higher density (e.g. density bonus for rental-only multi-family buildings and rezoning for multi-family affordable housing).	DES	CPS	✓		
			Identify urban-designated areas where new single-family and semi-detached homes must meet legal "secondary-suite-ready" requirements.	DES		√		
1B - Diverse Housing Solutions	2,500	2,500 Medium	Promote small lot residential infill (e.g. by expanding the small lot single family zone, which allows for duplex creation where there is rear lane access).	DES		✓		
			Create guidelines and designate areas for permitting both a secondary suite and an accessory dwelling unit (e.g. carriage suite or garden suite) on a single-family lot.	DES	KFR		✓	



Advocacy to other levels of government, utility companies, and key stakeholders will be required to boost emissions reductions in areas that the City has limited jurisdiction over.

Economic Considerations



- Implementing the CCAP will require investments by the City, residents, businesses, institutions, and developers, many of which will also boost the local economy.
- Economic considerations are included for all Big Move strategies, with high-level cost estimates only for the most current day approximations.
- A preliminary five-year budget for implementing the CCAP is provided as Attachment "C" in the report.
- Business cases will be prepared for specific actions at time of implementation, using the most up-to-date costs, resource requirements, available grants, and identified funding sources.

The cost from the impacts of uncontrolled climate change has been estimated to equate to at least 5% of global GDP, yet studies consistently show it would cost less to make the deep emission cuts needed to avoid the worst impacts.

CCAP - Financial Plan (2022-2026)

вм	CCAP	Action	Budget	t Туре		E	Budget Year		
DIVI	Priority	/ Action		Capital	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026*
EXISTING FUNDED PROGRAMS:									
2A	High	Build out a connected active transportation network by 2030, starting with completing connections along north-south and east—west corridors, followed by filling in any gaps to ensure key feeder connections to core routes.		√	2,400,000	2,400,000	2,400,000	2,400,000	TBD
2B	Medium	Improve infrastructure and amenities (e.g. seating, pads, shelters, real-time bus arrival information) to encourage transit use.		✓	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	TBD
2D	Medium	Develop and promote TDM programs for employers city-wide, including facilitating the use of sustainable transportation options and reducing the need for travel (i.e. through virtual meetings, flexible work hours, and work-from-home options).	~		50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000	TBD
PROP	OSED UI	NFUNDED PROGRAMS (i.e. new requests or a	dditional to	existing	budget):				
2A	High	Build out a connected active transportation network by 2030, starting with completing connections along north–south and east–west corridors, followed by filling in any gaps to ensure key feeder connections to core routes.		√	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000

EQUITY & CLIMATE JUSTICE





- Those already disadvantaged by poverty and inequality contribute less to emissions, but are more vulnerable to climate change impacts.
- Actions in the CCAP provide both opportunities and challenges for enhancing equity.
- City social plans will guide the implementation of actions to reduce GHGs in a way that is fair and just.



MEASURING & REPORTING PROGRESS

Annually

A CCAP progress report will be prepared and presented to Council outlining progress on actions, successes and challenges, new actions, and annual and total investment.

Every 5 Years

A more comprehensive review will be conducted and reported, including a community emissions inventory, calculation of key performance indicators, full review of actions to assess GHG reduction targets, etc.

Ongoing

Timelines can be updated as part of the CCAP's reporting cycle to reflect changes to funding, staffing levels, or emerging community issues or opportunities that may have impacts on the implementation plan.



NEXT STEPS

- Obtain the COTW's input and make revisions where necessary.
- Present the draft plan to the public and stakeholders, including the CCAP Advisory Group, for review and feedback in late April and early May 2021 and make revisions where necessary.
- Present final CCAP to Council for adoption in June 2021.



DRAFT COMMUNITY CLIMATE ACTION PLAN

RECOMMENDATION:

That the Committee of the Whole direct staff to:

- a) engage with the public and stakeholders on the draft Community Climate Action Plan
- b) bring the Community Climate Action Plan to Council for final review and adoption